

Upper Secondary School



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THE PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY

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BEFORE GOING TO THE THEATRE

1. The Story

The aristocrat Dorian Gray is a handsome young man living in the nineteenth century, in England. He enjoys life very much. However, his soul is not as attractive as his face and he does as he likes without minding the consequences of his acts. He hurts people's feelings all the time, even leading one of his lovers to commit suicide. One of his best friends, Basil, paints his portrait. He looks magnificent and wishes to remain so for all eternity. He gets his wish and over the years it is Dorian's portrait and not he himself who gets old. However, the portrait not only shows his appearance as an old man but also the evilness of his soul. In the end, being unable to stand the sight of the portrait, he destroys it, killing himself in doing so.

Answer the following questions related to the text:

| a) Who is Dorian Gray? |
|---|
| b) Where does he live? When? |
| c) Is he a good person? Why or why not? |
| d) What does his friend Basil do for him? |
| e) What's Basil's profession? |
| f) Why is the present special? |
| g) Is Dorian's ending a happy one? Why? |



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| h) Why do you think Dorian's portrait gets older? Why did the author make up this story? |
|---|
| |
| i) Is there any symbology in doing this? |
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| |
| Discuss about the situation of some people who don't want to accept the passing of time and want to remain young forever. |
| |
| Find all the adjectives appearing in the text and build their comparative and superlative forms. |
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| The summary is written in present simple. Rewrite it in past simple: | |
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| Do you think the play will be a comedy or a tragedy? Which do you pr | - |
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2. The characters

DORIAN GRAY is the main character. He is a person with a lot of money and who does not care about the consequences of his actions. He would like to be handsome and young forever.

HENRY WOTTON is Dorian's best friend. He loves to enjoy youth and parties. He is the one who encourages friends not to worry about problems and to spend time enjoying small pleasures.

BASIL HALLWARD is an artist. He is the one who paints Dorian's portrait. Unlike Henry, Basil is a good-natured person. He believes in the good qualities of people, although he does not talk too much.

SIBYL VANE is an artist who sings in a theater where Dorian likes to hang out. Henry thinks she doesn't have much talent, and describes her as cute but not beautiful.

JAMES VANE is Sibyl's brother. He is aggressive and very protective of people who want to approach his sister. He doesn't seem to like Dorian very much.

3. Oscar Wilde



As you may know, The Picture of Dorian Gray was written by Oscar Wilde.

What do you know about Oscar Wilde?

In groups of four, do some research on the internet about the author. Find the correct answer to the following questions. Then share them with the whole class.

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| • | Oscar Wilde wrote plenty of short tales and plays. Do some research to find the right title for each description. You can use your dictionary if there are words that you don't know. |
|-----|---|
| | a) "A collection of short stories for children which contains five stories []". |
| | a) A conection of short stories for children which contains five stories []. |
| | |
| | b) "Wilde's only full lenght novel, which brought critical scrutiny in his time, but endured to become a classic work of fiction, and an icon in the author's cannon of literary works". |
| | |
| | c) "A farcical comedy in which the protagonists maintain fictitious personae to escape burdensome social obligations. Working within the social conventions of late Victorian London, the play's major themes are the triviality with which it treats institutions as serious as marriage, and the resulting satire of Victorian ways". |
| | |
| | you may know, Oscar Wilde is worldwide famous for his quotes. Read the following ones d answer the questions: |
| | What do they mean to you? Do you agree with these messages? Why? Why not? Write and discuss them in open class. |
| "Li | fe is much too important a thing ever to talk seriously about it." – Lady Windermere's Fan, 1892, Act I |
| "Tc | o love oneself is the beginning of a life-long romance." – "An Ideal Husband" |
| "Tł | ne public have an insatiable curiosity to know everything, except what is worth knowing." – "The Soul of Man Under Socialism" |
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Did you know that Oscar Wilde was sentenced to two years hard labor? Do you know why? Because of his open homosexuality.

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4. Grammar

| Rewrite the | following sentence | s keeping their | meaning and usir | ng the words in | brackets: |
|--------------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| a) Basil p | oainted Dorian Gray' | s portrait. (by) | | | |
| • • • • • • • | •••••• | • | • | • | • |
| b) Doriai | n killed Basil. (was) | | | | |
| • • • • • • • • | • | • | •••••• | • | • • • • • • |
| c) Doriar | n wished that the po | ortrait would ge | et old in his place. | (instead) | |
| • • • • • • • • | • | • | ••••• | • | ••••• |
| d) Basil բ | painted Dorian's por | trait. There wei | re a lot of problem | ns. (if not/not) | |
| • • • • • • • | • | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • • • • • | • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| e) Lord F | lenry is fond of Dori | an's portrait. (k | een) | | |
| ••••• | •••••• | • | • | • | • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| 5. Vocabula | ry | | | | |
| Look at the | vocabulary from the | e play and learn | it. | | |
| SPOTLIGHT AWFUL | TO WASTE PERFORMANCE TO BOTHER HEARTBROKEN | BLIND | TO CHARM MERMAID | WEAK MARRIAGE TO DROWN SELFISH | TO GO OUT SNOB TO OWE |

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THE PICTURE OF DORIAN GRAY

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6. Phrasal verbs

In the play various phrasal verbs are used with away. For example run away and get away. Match the phrasal verb to the correct meaning. Then put the correct phrasal verb in each sentence. Make sure to use the correct tense!

- 1. take away
- 2. fade away
- 3. blow away
- 4. run away
- 5. throw away
- 6. stay away
- 7. put away
- 8. go away

- a) to tidy something to the correct place
- b) to transport something to another place
- c) to gradually disappear
- d) to dispose of
- e) to leave
- f) to leave home secretly
- g) not to go near
- h) to be taken away by wind or breath

| 1. | all your clothes, please. Your bedroom is a mess! put |
|------------|---|
| | away |
| 2. | She hason holiday for 3 weeks. |
| 3. | Her daughterfrom home when she was 16. |
| | Let's get the food to |
| 5 . | The oven is very hot from it. |
| 6. | You can hardly see the stain. It has |
| 7 . | Hold that balloon tightly or it will |
| | Yesterday I cleared out my wardrobe and all my old clothes. |



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7. Odd one out

Choose the odd one out and give a reason. Careful! There may be more than one answer.

| a) | Want | Hot | What | How | Watch |
|----|---------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------------|
| b) | Cow | Kitten | Puppy | Lamb | Cub |
| c) | Bra | T-shirt | Vest | Knickers | Underpants |
| d) | Swim | Sail | Dive | Fly | Waterski |
| e) | Wanted | Landed | Waited | Wished | Painted |
| f) | Pop | Classical | Drum | Rock | Jazz |
| g) | Pound | Cent | Euro | Peseta | Dollar |
| h) | Teacher | Lawyer | Policeman | Doctor | Traffic Warden |
| i) | Sea | Real | Still | Steal | Steel |
| j) | Paris | London | Rome | New York | Brussels |





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8. American / British English

Oscar Wilde included characters with American English or British English words in his different works and plays. Rewrite this passage and see if you can match the American English words to their British English equivalent.

The other day I was walking along the sidewalk, when my cell phone rang. It was my sister inviting me to go to the movie theater with her. When I arrived at my car, I realized I was out of gas. I drove to the nearest gas station and filled the tank. While paying, I decided to buy some candy to eat at the movie. I was just paying when I heard an enormous crash. The car behind me had crashed into the trunk of my car. I spent the next 3 hours sorting everything out and completely missed the movie!

British English words: Sweets, boot, cinema, petrol, mobile, petrol station, pavement, film.

| For example: side-walk = paver | ment |
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9. Listening

Listen to track 1 and answer the following questions:

| • | What is Basil doing? |
|---|---|
| | |
| • | What does Henry think about Basil? What does he think the portrait is going to look like before seeing it finished? |
| | |
| • | When Dorian sees the portrait, what does he think? |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| • | According to Henry, what is going to happen to Dorian in twenty or thirty years? |
| | •••••• |
| • | What is Dorian's wish? |
| | |



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10. Writing

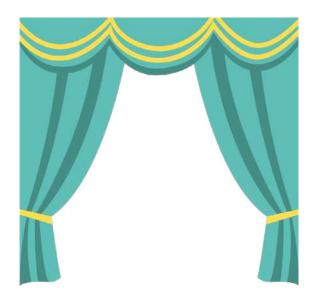
| Hedonism is one of the main themes in The Portrait of Dorian Gray. According to the Cambridge Dictionary, hedonism is "living and behaving in ways that mean you get as much pleasure out of life as possible, according to the belief that the most important thing in life is to enjoy yourself". Think and write an essay about this topic (about 300 words). |
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11. Speaking

Work in pairs. Imagine one of you is Dorian Gray and you see your portrait for the first time. The other one is Basil, the painter. Make up the dialogue.





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AFTER GOING TO THE THEATRE

12. Questions about the show What did you think of the play? Describe the set and costumes. Who was your favourite character and why? Who was your least favourite character and why?



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13. The plot

| Put the following scenes in order. Then share your answer in groups of four or five. | |
|--|--|
| | James, Sibyl's brother, comes to pick her up and threatens Dorian. |
| | Henry explains Sibyl has killed herself and Dorian decides that no one will ever see the portrait again. |
| | After twenty years, Dorian looks the same. But when Basil sees the portrait, he is horrified. Dorian notices Basil is judging him and stabs him to death. |
| | Basil paints Dorian Gray. Dorian wishes his portrait would age instead of him. |
| | Dorian goes to check his portrait, but it is as horrifying as always. The reasons for his sudden change of heart weren't genuine. Sybil appears as a ghost, telling Dorian that he may be older, but he's not wiser. Sybil grabs the knife that killed Basil and hands it to Dorian. |
| | Dorian goes to the theatre and meets Sibyl. They like each other and go to Dorian's house, where he proposes marriage to her. |
| | At the theater, Henry tells Dorian that Sibyl is poor and not very talented. After the performance, Dorian decides not to marry her. Dorian gets home and notices that the portrait has changed. He understands the painting is a representation of his soul and decides to ask for Sibyl's forgiveness. |
| | Dorian goes with Henry to a dark tavern, where they drink and talk about Basil's mysterious disappearance. Suddenly, Dorian notices that James is among the crowd. Dorian gets nervous, but Henry tells him not to worry. Since Dorian looks so young even after 20 years, James can't possibly recognize him. |
| | Dorian walks the streets, nervous, telling himself that he's just being paranoid. He decides to start behaving like a good person again. After some time, he is considerably bored and unhappy, but satisfied. |
| | Dorian finally takes the knife and stabs the picture. |
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14. Your review

| Finally, write a review of the play describing the story, the performances, the set, the music, the costumes and saying if you liked it or not and why. | | |
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